

Legislative History of the Chafee Program



Consolidated Omnibus
Budget Reconciliation
Act of 1985 authorizes
new entitlement
funds to help young
people transition from
foster care



Foster Care
Independence Act
creates the
Chafee Program
as we know it
today



Fostering
Connections to
Success and
Increasing
Adoptions Act
extends Title IV-E
foster care
eligibility to age 21



Preventing Sex Trafficking and Strengthening Families Act updates purpose of Chafee; empowers youth engagements and decision making; promotes developmentally appropriate activities



Family First
Prevention
Services Act
extends reach of
program to youth
up to 23; ETV up
to 26



Appropriations Act, 2021 provides an additional \$400 million to Chafee for COVID relief for young people

2001:

PSSF Amendments of 2001 authorizes ETV program

2009

Creation of Senate

<u>Caucus</u> on Foster Youth

2010:

Creation of Congressional Caucus on Foster Youth (House)



What is the Chafee Program?

- → Flexible federal funding to states, territories, and Indian tribes
- → Up to 30 percent of funding can be for room and board for youth over 18
- → To support current and former foster youth in their transition to adulthood.
- → Eligible to youth age 14 to 21 (or 23 in some states)
- → Typical Chafee supportive services
 - Case work
 - Educational assistance
 - Career exploration
 - Mentoring
 - Preventive health



THE APPROACH



Building the Chafee Redesign Policy Initiative Methodology and Timeline

Fall-Winter 2020

Literature review of research & policy reform proposals, priority on recommendations from young people

December 2020 - April 2021

Focus groups with young people, interviews with diverse stakeholders; Transition memo to new administration

May 2021- July 2021

Analysis, policy development; strategic sharing and collecting feedback. Monitoring and learning from pandemic relief implementation

Fall-Winter 2021

Develop campaign model; finalize policy framework and recommendations; engage strategic partners; launch campaign activities

2020 2021 YOUTH ENGAGEMENT 2022

September October Movember January February March April May June July August September October Movember Januar



"You expect me to take on the world at age 18."

– FOCUS GROUF





THE OPPORTUNITY



Why Redesign Chafee?

- → The vision is right, but the program lacks the design and resources to achieve its goal of nurturing successful transitions to adulthood. We also know racial inequities exist.
- → Today's policymakers have the benefit of twenty years of policy research and insights from young people with lived experience. We know more about what works.
- → Chafee is woefully under-delivering the help that's needed. Prior to the pandemic, only a third of youth leaving foster care at age 18 received any Chafeefunded support services.



Why act now?

- → Key focus of Biden Administration is advancing policies to promote equity
- → Biden Administration is also committed to engaging voices of young people
- → Key Congressional champions eager to "take the next step" on support for older youth

THE REFORM



Journey To Success Recommendations



ADOLESCENCE

- → Prioritize health, healing and well-being
- → Nurture family ties and family permanence
- → Retool foster care to better serve adolescents and young adults
- → Increase accountability, foster fairness, and focus on results → Help youth thrive after foster care by ensuring
 - that they are plugged in to supportive services, including in health, education, and housing
 - → Promote economic security



POLICY SPOTLIGHT:

Health and Healing

- → Expand the nature and scope of services available and funded through Medicaid, such as peer support and virtual behavioral health supports, with a focus on BIPOC youth
- → Increase the Federal Match Assistance Program (FMAP) to 100% for all mental health and supportive services provided under the Early Childhood and Periodic Screening, Diagnostic, and Treatment (EPSDT); gradually reduce FMAP to 90% over a fiveyear period
- Reduce the use of and increase oversight of psychotropic medication by updating the requirements in the Title IV-B Health Oversight and Coordination plan



POLICY SPOTLIGHT:

Health and Healing

- Redesign the Chafee program to focus on health and healing, family and permanency, and housing and economic security, and make services available to young adults ages 18-26 who were in foster care during their adolescence or encountered similar systems (e.g., homelessness, juvenile justice)
- → Fund a core array of community-based services and resources that support the successful transition from foster care to adulthood
- → Improve the array of (and access to) mental health services to meet the complex needs of young people, including non-clinical services that help build and strengthen family, peer, and community connections



Find Us Online

- www.journeytosuccess.org
 - → Click on "Resources" to see more
- @journeycampaign





POLICY SOLUTIONS TO IMPROVE OUTCOMES FOR ALL YOUTH AND YOUNG ADULTS WHO EXPERIENCE FOSTER CARE